Assignment 9

Due on 2020-11-15, 23:29 IST.

1. Tax can be avoided if products can be shipped to a service regime and then sent to the purchasing country.
   A) TRUE
   B) FALSE

2. The export zones/ special economic zones/free trade areas - all are entering to global trade by taking tax advantage.
   A) TRUE
   B) FALSE

3. Enlargement is possible only when loads are same at both ends.
   A) TRUE
   B) FALSE

4. Product flexibility is the supplier's capacity vis-a-vis demand of the product.
   A) TRUE
   B) FALSE

5. Volume flexibility measures the adjustment the plant can make to its production quantity.
   A) TRUE
   B) FALSE

6. Distribution volume flexibility is:
   A) Mix (Supplier flexibility, Plant flexibility)  
   B) Mix (Supplier flexibility, Plant flexibility, Distribution centre flexibility, Cross dock flexibility)  
   C) Mix (Distribution centre flexibility) 
   D) None of these

7. Total cost of supply chain is comprised of:
   A) Plant operation and transportation cost  
   B) Warehousing operations and transportation cost  
   C) Cross dock operations and transportation cost  
   D) None of these

8. Flexibility of cross dock capacity pertaining to product.
   A) Capacity of cross dock k if it is open (i) demand from customer zone a for product k  
   B) Capacity of cross dock k if it is open (i) demand from customer zone a for product k  
   C) Capacity of cross dock k if it is open (i) demand from customer zone a for product k  
   D) None of these

9. Example of a single period model that assume that there is no inventory at the end of the cycle.
   A) FMCG product  
   B) Gas supply chain  
   C) Mobile phone  
   D) None of these